

## Allahabad Bank Clerk Exam-2010 (English Language) Question Paper

Directions—(Q. 1 to 15) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

In a village in the East, there lived an old couple. They did not have any children and never spent an extra paisa on themselves. They never repaired their house or cooked good food. One day, a family moved into the village, it was their son's second birthday and they sent two delicious laddoos to the old couple. The couple ate the laddoos with great relish. For days after they could talk of nothing else. Finally the old man could take it no more. He said to his wife, "Let's buy the ingredients to make just two laddoos." His wife agreed but said, "If I make the laddoos at home, the neighbours will know and will want a share. Let's cook in the woods behind our hut. That way no one will ever know."

The next day the old man purchased the ingredients from the market and they set off to the woods. Having never prepared food like this before, they ended up with three laddoos instead of two. The old couple returned home with the sweets, dying to eat them. But there was a problem. "It was my idea and I went to the market, so I ought to get two," said the old man. But his wife refused to give in so easily and said, "Since I prepared the sweets. I ought to have two." The day wore on and the argument continued.

At last, the old man suggested, "Let us not talk to each other. Whoever breaks the silence first will get one laddoo and the other person two." His wife agreed. Hours passed, but neither of them spoke and finally they fell asleep with the bowl of sweets between them. That evening one of the neighbours knocked on the door but the couple did not answer for fear of losing the bet. Peering through the window, the man saw the couple lying on the floor with an untouched bowl of food. "They are dead!" he shouted and alerted the other villagers. Soon the door was broken down and the house was swarming with villagers. They discussed everything from the funeral to where the couple had hidden their wealth. But the couple lay still.

Finally, the villagers carried them to the cremation ground. As the flames licked his feet, the old man jumped up screaming "You win!" His wife jumped up too, happy that she had won. The two then rushed home leaving the bewildered villagers present there behind. But when they got home...Alas the door had been left open and they found a stray dog licking the last crumbs of the sweets from the bowl.

1. Why did the old couple cook in the woods ?

(A) It was very convenient to gather firewood

(B) To avoid the risk of their hut burning down

(C) To keep the fact that they were preparing laddoos a secret from their neighbours

(D) To hide the fact that they did not know how to prepare laddoos from their neighbours

(E) They did not have the ingredients to make enough laddoos for their neighbours as well

Ans : (C)

2. What caused the old couple's sudden longing for laddoos ?

(A) They hadn't eaten good food for several days

(B) They had attended their neighbour's party and enjoyed the laddoos served

(C) They saw the mouth watering laddoos being served to guests at the party

(D) They had tasted the laddoos prepared for their neighbour's son's birthday

(E) They thought that the laddoos would satisfy their hunger for days to come

Ans : (D)

3. Why did the old couple initially not reveal that they were alive to the villagers ?

(A) To learn the villagers' true opinion of them

(B) They did not like the villagers and were mocking them

(C) Neither of them wanted to be the first to speak and lose the bet

(D) To test the honesty of the villagers

(E) None of the above

Ans : (C)

4. What did the old couple disagree about ?

- (A) Where they would cook their meal
- (B) Which of them was entitled to the first laddoo
- (C) Whether to share the extra laddoo with their neighbours
- (D) The quantity of laddoos that they had made
- (E) None of these

Ans : (B)

5. What was the villager's reaction to the old couple's presumed 'death' ?

- (A) They were upset and all came to pay their last respects
- (B) They were worried about how to pay for the funeral
- (C) They could not decide what to do with the couple's wealth
- (D) They disliked the old couple and demolished their house
- (E) They dutifully arranged the couple's last rites

Ans : (E)

6. Why did the neighbour peep into the old couple's house ?

- (A) To learn what they were being so secretive about
- (B) To spy on them and discover where their wealth was hidden
- (C) To complain as they had cooked in the forest
- (D) To check up on the old couple as he did everyday
- (E) Not clearly mentioned in the passage

Ans : (E)

7. Which of the following can be said about the old couple ?

- (A) They did not have any relatives to look after them in their old age
- (B) They were misers and did not spend even on keeping their house in good condition
- (C) They were not allowed to eat sweets as they were old
- (D) They were fond of animals and sometimes shared their food with stray animals
- (E) They were afraid of the villagers and hid from them

Ans : (B)

8. Which of the following is/are TRUE in the context of the passage ?

- (1) The old woman had prepared more laddoos than she had intended
  - (2) The family who had recently moved into the village were fond of the old couple
  - (3) The villagers were saddened by the death of the old couple and gave them a grand funeral
- (A) Only (1)
  - (B) Only (2) & (3)
  - (C) Only (1) & (2)
  - (D) All (1), (2) & (3)
  - (E) None of the above

Ans : (A)

9. What puzzled the villagers?

- (A) The old couple did not die in the fire
- (B) The sight of the old couple whom they had presumed dead, alive
- (C) The fact that the old couple had wasted good food
- (D) The lack of concern the old woman had for her husband

(E) The old couple fed the laddoos to the dog.

Ans : (B)

10. Why did the old man scream when surrounded by the villagers ?

(A) He was afraid that his wife would get burned

(B) To scare away the villagers who wanted to kill him for his money

(C) His wife refused to allow him to eat more than one laddoo

(D) To indicate to the villagers that he was alive

(E) The fear of being hurt in the fire

Ans : (E)

Directions—(Q. 11 to 13) Which of the following is most similar in meaning to the word given in bold as used in the passage.

11. breaks

(A) interrupts

(B) separates

(C) solves

(D) defeats

(E) escapes

Ans : (A)

12. passed

(A) overtook

(B) occupied

(C) unnoticed

(D) proceeded

(E) succeeded

Ans : (E)

13. share

(A) half

(B) part

(C) participate

(D) divide

(E) common

Ans : (B)

Directions—(Q. 14 and 15) Which of the following is most opposite in meaning to the word given in bold as used in the passage.

14. last

(A) new

(B) begin

(C) constant

(D) discontinue

(E) first

Ans : (E)

15. still

(A) restless

(B) noisily

(C) conscious

(D) calmly

(E) lifeless

Ans : (A)

Directions—(16 to 25) Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical mistake/ error in it. The error if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the letter of the part with error as your answer. If there is 'No error', mark (E)

16. If his aim is to (A) / buy a house in the (B) / next three years he (C) / should start immediate saving.  
(D) No error (E)

Ans : (D)

17. Can you explain why (A) / you were late this morning (B) / when we had to make (C) / such an important presentation ? (D) No error (E)

Ans : (B)

18. Their company is going to incur (A) / heavy losses this year because (B) / of the big discounts they (C) / offers to customers. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (D)

19. The main advantage of (A) / investing such schemes (B) / is that you will not (C) / have to pay any taxes. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (B)

20. The final decision can (A) / be taken only after (B) / we consider all (C) / the panel suggestions. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (C)

21. The Foreign Investment Promotion Board is (A) / the government body who (B) / regulates investment received (C) / by Indian factories from foreign countries. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (B)

22. Our company was recently (A) / award the contract (B) / to construct two major (C) / bridges in the state. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (B)

23. That customer has (A) / written a letter (B) / thanks the manager (C) / for her timely help. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (C)

24. Accordingly the circular (A) / that was issued yesterday RBI (B) / has raised the rate at (C) / which it lends to banks. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (B)

25. A large number of policy (A) / have lapsed because many (B) / people have not paid (C) / their instalments on time. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (A)

Directions—(Q. 26 to 30) In each question below a sentence with four words printed in bold type is given. These are lettered as (A), (B), (C) and (D). One of these four words printed in bold may be either wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word which is wrongly spelt or inappropriate if any. The letter of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and also appropriate in the context of the sentence, mark (E) i.e., 'All correct' as your answer.

26. The Chairman has promised (A) to look (B) into the matter (C) and take necessary (D) action. All correct (E)

Ans : (A)

27. Most (A) projects are delayed (B) because of the absents (C) of proper planning. (D) All correct (E)

Ans : (C)



28. He found (A) the company in 1980 to provide (B) electricity to people living (C) in rural areas. (D) All correct (E)

Ans : (A)

29. Salaries (A) of bank employees (B) are likely (C) to go above (D) by ten percent. All correct (E)

Ans : (D)

30. Since (A) the interest rate on bank deposits is low (B) at present, people prefer (C) to deposit their savings (D) in post office schemes. All correct (E)

Ans : (B)

Directions—(Q. 31 to 40) In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

A rich merchant owned a beautiful horse. Now, one of his neighbours was keen to (31) this horse. He offered the merchant gold, (32) the merchant refused. This angered the neighbour. He (33) to trick the merchant. He disguised himself (34) a beggar and lay down at the (35) of the road, that the merchant used everyday. (36) at the sad plight of the beggar, he (37) from his horse and gently lifted the beggar (38) his horse. No sooner did the beggar get into the (39) than the galloped away. But hearing the merchant (40) out to him, he stopped when he was a safe distance away. "Please don't tell anyone how you came to possess this horse. Some day an ill man may be lying by the roadside and people who have heard about your trick, may not want to help," said the merchant. The merchant's neighbour was deeply ashamed, rode back and returned the horse to the merchant.

31. (A) buy

(B) steal

(C) free

(D) train

(E) sell

Ans : (A)

32. (A) so

(B) unless

(C) otherwise

(D) but

(E) since

Ans : (D)

33. (A) desires

(B) decided

(C) declined

(D) deliberately

(E) deceived

Ans : (B)

34. (A) being

(B) alike

(C) as

(D) identical

(E) similar

Ans : (C)

35. (A) middle

(B) gutter

(C) ending

(D) distance

(E) side

Ans : (E)

36. (A) Carefully

(B) Distressed

(C) Misery

(D) Upsetting

(E) Unhappily

Ans : (B)

37. (A) stepped

(B) jump

(C) fell

(D) dismounted

(E) climbed

Ans : (D)

38. (A) with

(B) above

(C) from

(D) off

(E) onto

Ans : (E)

39. (A) saddle

(B) arms

(C) horse

(D) danger

(E) way

Ans : (A)

40. (A) appeal

(B) shouted

(C) call

(D) cried

(E) beg

Ans : (C)